

Drunkness Hereditary.

[BY REV. DR. GUTHRIE.]

Many poor people are born with a propensity to this vice. They suck it in with a mother's milk; for it is a well ascertained fact that other things are hereditary besides cancer and consumption and insanity. This vice presents some of the characters of a physical disease, and the drunken parent transmits to his children a propensity to his fatal indulgence. Besides the foul atmosphere which many of them breathe, the hard labour by which many of them earn their bread, produce a prostration which seeks in stimulants sometimes to rally the system, nor will be deterred from their use by any prospect of danger, or experience of a corresponding reaction. With our cultivated minds, our improved tastes, our books, our recreations, our domestic comforts, we have no adequate idea of the temptations to which the poor are exposed, and from which it is the truest kindness to protect them. They are cold, and the glass is warm. They are hungry, and drink is food. They are miserable, and there is laughter in the flowing cup. They are sunk in their own esteem, and the bowl or bottle surrounds the drunkard with a bright-colored halo of self-respect—so long as the fumes are in his brain, he feels himself a man. They drink to forget their poverty, and remember their misery no more.

"Unanswered yet? Faith cannot be answered. Her feet were firmly planted on the rock. Amid the wildest storms she stands undaunted. She knows omnipotence has heard her prayer. And cries, 'It shall be done,' sometimes, somewhere."

Glances into past history do much to open our eyes to the real progress of the world. A bit of information has strayed this way, touching the status of the temperance question in the sixteenth century. It is a translation into English of some of the rules of a temperance society performed by the upper classes. 1. To drink daily only fourteen cups of wine. 2. Italian, Spanish or hot spiced wines are prohibited. 3. For the further quenching of thirst, beer is allowed. 4. These fourteen cups must not be drunk at once, but at least three intervals. No doubt the "temperance" outlook was so nearly automatic to the good people who nearly three hundred years ago made these noble rules as it appears today to many noble-hearted workers. Yet what great things God hath wrought, and the end is not yet!

A white-ribboner testifies in the following incident to two things—the grand work of prevention done in the field of juvenile education and the awful besetment of the life-path of a young man by the power of evil. "My son Howard reported for one of the week-dalles in Chicago. Last summer he was asked that paper would pay for all the whiskey and cigars he used in 'treating.' Finally he was ordered to get a man drunk and entice him. The result was that he resigned his position, as the information wanted could not be obtained without the aid of whiskey."

Traditions say that the Chinese burn down a house to obtain that toothsome delicacy, "roast pig," and we smile at the child-simplicity that destroys the great to gain the small. Here is a nation wrecking its own house—its present and future prosperity and purity—to gain a pitiful handful of revenue dollars. God pity the short-sightedness of poor human nature!

A teaspoonful of salt in a glass of water is a cure in many stomach troubles, relieving colic and helping in digestion. Vinegar and water in equal proportions, and as hot as can be borne, is a physician's remedy for outward application in cases of sprain or strain.

Nothing will give such a polish to glass, even the finest, as slightly moist newspaper to wash it and dry newspaper to give the finishing touches. If carpets be sprinkled with salt before sweeping, it will be found that not so much dust will arise and that the carpets are wonderfully brightened. If tea be ground like coffee or crushed immediately before hot water is poured upon it, it will yield nearly double the amount of its exhilarating qualities.

Good Griddle Cakes. To one cupful of oatmeal mush add one cupful of warm milk, beaten together with a cupful of sifted flour. Let it stand over night, and in the morning add one well beaten egg and half a teaspoonful of baking soda dissolved in a little warm water. Add more sifted flour if the batter is too thin. Bake on a hot griddle in small cakes.

Mr. Midway—But what makes you think that Mr. De Seever is a bad man? Mrs. Sharp—My dear woman, when a man never forgets to mail the letters his wife intrusts him with, you may be sure he has clandestine correspondence with some other woman, or he wouldn't be so careful to clean out his pockets before going home.

Governor Tillman now predicts that he is going to defeat Gen. Butler in the race for the United States senatorship in the coming primary election in this State. But here is the way he expressed it yesterday when a newspaper reporter sent about the Senator's recent interview: "All I have to say is that I am Governor and he is senator. I have been away from my post of duty; while he has been away from his post of duty, and I am lapping around the country, getting political electioneering scraps. The controversy between us will be settled before the people and by the people next November and I predict that they will give him a furlough to go home and remain there an indefinite furlough."—Columbia State.

Prohibition Convention. The prohibitionists of the State have been disheartened with the dispensary law. Strenuous efforts have been made to induce them to believe that the dispensary law was "a step towards prohibition" but everybody knows that it is not true. The prohibitionists, therefore, are likely to make an effort to have prohibition strict and simple in the State. The executive committee met last Thursday afternoon the 5th inst at the Washington Street Church in Columbia. With a short recess at dark the committee was in session until 2 o'clock in the morning when the following address was issued: To the Citizens of South Carolina: Whereas, the people of the State at the last election did, with the consent and approval of both political factions, vote upon the question of prohibition; and the understanding of agreement to abide the result of that vote was generally accepted by most of our people and that in said election prohibition received a large majority of the votes cast, thereby showing that prohibition of the liquor traffic plain and simple was the demand of the people of South Carolina. And whereas; the legislators of our State chosen at the same election with the understanding as above set forth did contrary to the demand of the people, enact a law which, while it prohibited the citizens from selling liquor made a monopoly of the business for, in and by the State.

Now therefore, in order to carry out the wishes of our people as expressed at the election two years ago and in order to heal the terrible dissension and strife in our State, in order that peace and prosperity may spring up under the benign influence of prohibition, and in order that our people may once again become a happy and united people, we, the State prohibition executive committee, do hereby request all Democratic voters of the State who will sustain Prohibition in the coming election to assemble at their respective county seats on the first Monday in June next, and elect delegates double the number of Representatives in the General Assembly from said county to a State convention to be held in Columbia Thursday, June 7.

Said convention to take into consideration the best means to remove the liquor traffic from our State, and if deemed advisable to nominate a full State ticket to be placed before the Democracy of the State for election. JOEL E. BRUNSON, J. P. GIBSON, THOS. J. LAMOTTE, Committee.

Professor Smith is Dead. CAMBRIDGE, England, March 13.—Professor William Robertson Smith, Librarian of the University of Cambridge and Professor of Arabic, whose illness was recently announced, is dead.

Professor Smith was one of the most eminent of English biblical scholars. He belonged to the modern critical school, and this fact led to his removal from the professorship of Hebrew in the Free Church, Aberdeen, in 1881. The removal was made by an extraordinary act of the general assembly, after he had held the position for eleven years, on account of his views as to the Old Testament, published in the Encyclopaedia Britannica and elsewhere. From 1881 he was associated with the Free Professors of Divinity in the Free Church of Scotland, and in 1882 he was appointed to the professorship of Divinity at Aberdeen, and from 1878 he was a member of the Old Testament revision committee. In January, 1883, he accepted the professorship of Arabic at the University of Cambridge, which was vacant by the death of Professor Halmar. His appointment as Librarian was made in February, 1886. In 1889, upon the death of Professor William Wright, he succeeded to the Sir Thomas Adams' professorship of Arabic. Among his principal works on biblical topics are: "The Old Testament in the Jewish Church," "The Prophecy of Isaiah and Their Place in History to the Close of the Eighteenth Century, B. C.," and "Lectures on the Religion of the Semites."

Justice—"How do you explain your being found inside Col. Ginger's chicken coop last night? Jackson—"De vige's leg, I made all my arrangements for it up early in the morning, and I want to sleep where I end head de chicken crow."

"Your great men seem to carry their honors most easily," said the observant foreigner. "I have met several of your Senators, and they seem just as common as any one."

"That may be the case with Senators," replied the citizen, "but you just ought to meet a new-elected Justice of the peace or a Tillmanite Legislator of the peace."

Professor Smith was born at Kelg, Aberdeenshire, Nov. 8, 1816, and educated first privately, and afterward at Aberdeen University, the New College, Glasgow, and the University of Bonn and Göttingen.

Besides the regular coroner's jury and inquest at Darlington, the Governor ordered General Richardson, commanding, to organize a court of inquiry and participate in the investigation and make report thereof. General Richardson has made his report, giving all the orders he received when in command and showing what the militia had done. The following is the report of military court: "Darlington, S. C., April 5, 1894. "Brigadier General R. N. Richardson, Commanding Troops, Darlington, S. C.: "The undersigned, having been appointed by you to constitute a military court of inquiry, under order of Governor Tillman, Commander-in-Chief, to sit with the jury of inquest in session at the Coast Line Depot, said inquest being for the purpose of inquiring into the cause of the death of Frank E. Norment, R. H. Pepper and Lewis Redmond.

"We have the honor to report that we attended the inquest, asking through the Coroner such questions as we thought proper, and heard all the testimony. We have reached the following conclusion therefrom: "The sad tragedy which ended in the death of three men above named had its origin in the fight between two young men of the town of Darlington, Rogers and Floyd. They met at the depot and after a few words engaged in a fist-fight, in which Rogers was whipped. At the fight one J. D. McLendon, a State constable, was the friend and backer of Floyd, having a good deal to say to encourage the fight. After the fight Rogers went up town and returned with several. About the same time the Chief of Police of the town arrived at the depot. Rogers began cursing Floyd, and at the same time pointing to McLendon, said that he had aided Floyd, using very opprobrious epithets, to which McLendon replied in very forcible language. The Chief of Police, Rogers and Floyd and Mr. Norment had over rested. Mr. Norment and one or two other citizens pointed to McLendon and said that he was responsible for the whole matter. Norment called McLendon a G—of-a—B—, McLendon replied that he would not take that, and immediately drew his revolver and fired at Norment. Immediately some six or eight citizens

and constables drew their pistols and began firing at each other, several of the constables using Winchester rifles. We firmly believe that had McLendon not interfered, the Chief of Police would have had no trouble in preserving order and averting the tragedy. We deem it unnecessary to state all of the testimony, as the copy of the same will be transmitted to your headquarters by the Commander-in-Chief. "We conclude from the evidence that Frank E. Norment came to his death at Darlington, S. C., on the 30th day of March, 1894, from the effect of a gunshot wound inflicted by one J. D. McLendon, and that the said killing was felonious murder, and that W. P. Galliard, C. B. McDowell, J. C. Murphy, J. L. Nonnemaker, R. M. Gardner, John Felder, J. M. Scott, L. H. McCants, William Livingston, O. C. Cain, E. C. Black, J. W. Holloway, W. H. Bryson, Jack Hollings and Wash Owens are accessories. "We conclude that R. H. Pepper came to his death at the same time and place from the effect of a gunshot wound inflicted by one Lewis Redmond, and that the said Lewis Redmond came to his death at the hands of O. C. Cain, and that killing was felonious murder. Redmond was running from the constables and Cain shot him in the back with a Winchester rifle. All of which is respectively submitted. "J. A. MOONEY, Captain and Chairman Court of Inquiry. "H. J. HARVEY, Captain. "J. C. COOPER, Sergeant. "A. D. MILSTER, Corporal. "F. H. DANTZLER, "Fort Motte Guards."

McLaurin on the Dispensary. At the recent meeting in Spartanburg, Congressman McLaurin gave his views on the dispensary system, in which he said: "There is one question—for which the Reform movement is not responsible, but which has been forced upon us—and in dealing with it, while our representatives in the Legislature may have undertaken to do too much, or may not have met public expectation fully; still I must contend that they did the best they could, or at least thought so, in giving us what we call the dispensary law. We have the right to correct our own mistakes and to perfect and improve the law, and I do not hesitate to tell you that I believe it is capable of perfect and improvement. Barrooms, which are the worst feature of the liquor question, have been done away with, and God forbid that their attractions shall ever again be allowed to entice and lure the youth of South Carolina to the road that leads to destruction. "I am not familiar with its practical operation, but I am inclined to believe that we have made a mistake in inaugurating such an extensive and costly establishment in Columbia, and hope that it can be simplified and improved upon. I do not think that the right of local self-government, or local option, should be interfered with. Local option is practical temperance. Local option has done more for the cause of practical temperance than any law on the statute book. I am inclined to think that the counties run their own Dispensaries, with the assistance of a local board of control, under the direction of a State professor, and selling special fields. Fields that should be abolished, proper restrictions placed around the sale of liquors and the evils of temperance minimized. If this is done, the "blind tigers" would disappear, the constabulary be made unnecessary and the municipal authorities would probably be sufficient to keep down illicit sales of liquor, as there would be little inducement to violate the law."

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Good Blood IS ESSENTIAL TO HEALTH. You cannot hope to be well if your blood is impure. If you are troubled with BOILS, PIMPLES, SORES OR ULCERS, the blood is impure. It is essential to health. You cannot hope to be well if your blood is impure. If you are troubled with BOILS, PIMPLES, SORES OR ULCERS, the blood is impure. It is essential to health. You cannot hope to be well if your blood is impure. If you are troubled with BOILS, PIMPLES, SORES OR ULCERS, the blood is impure. It is essential to health.

MAGNETIC NERVE. The brain, the source of all our thoughts, feelings, and actions, is the seat of the nervous system. It is essential to health. You cannot hope to be well if your brain is impure. If you are troubled with BRUISES, IMPURITY, LACERATION, or any other ailment, the brain is impure. It is essential to health. You cannot hope to be well if your brain is impure. If you are troubled with BRUISES, IMPURITY, LACERATION, or any other ailment, the brain is impure. It is essential to health.

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Notice of Summons. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, SPARTANBURG COUNTY: In Probate court—Complaint not Served. S. S. Drummond and I. L. Drummond, as executors of the estate of Simpson Drummond deceased, plain-tiffs. Against Janie Brockman, Malinda Drummond, Fannie Woodruff and Ada W. Ford, defendants. To the above named defendants in this action you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action which is filed in the office of the Judge of probate for said county and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscriber at his office at Woodruff, S. C., within twenty days after the service thereof exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint. S. M. PILGRAM, Plaintiffs Attorneys. Mch 17, 1894.

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RICHMOND & DANVILLE R. R. & C. AIR LINE DIVISION. SAMUEL SPENCER, F. W. HUIDEKOPFER and REUBEN FOSTER, General Managers. Condensed Schedule of Passenger Trains. In Effect Dec. 3, 1893. EASTERN TIME.

Southbound—Daily. No. 38. 11.36 a.m. 1.36 p.m. 3.36 p.m. 5.36 p.m. 7.36 p.m. 9.36 p.m. Northbound—Daily. No. 37. 11.36 a.m. 1.36 p.m. 3.36 p.m. 5.36 p.m. 7.36 p.m. 9.36 p.m.

W. A. TERK, S. H. HARDWICK, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Wash. D. C. W. H. B. DODD, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agt., Wash. D. C. W. H. B. DODD, Supt. Wash. D. C. SOL HAAS, Traffic Manager, Wash. D. C.

COLUMBIA & GREENVILLE. SAMUEL SPENCER, F. W. HUIDEKOPFER and REUBEN FOSTER, General Managers. Division. Condensed Schedule. In effect Dec. 24, 1893. Trains run by 75th Meridian time.

Leave Charleston 7:15 a.m. Leave Greenville 7:15 a.m. Leave Spartanburg 7:15 a.m. Leave Columbia 7:15 a.m. Leave Aiken 7:15 a.m. Leave Florence 7:15 a.m. Leave Anderson 7:15 a.m. Leave Darlington 7:15 a.m. Leave Georgetown 7:15 a.m. Leave Myrtle Beach 7:15 a.m. Leave North Charleston 7:15 a.m. Leave Orangeburg 7:15 a.m. Leave Port Royal 7:15 a.m. Leave Beaufort 7:15 a.m. Leave Savannah 7:15 a.m. Leave Jacksonville 7:15 a.m. Leave Tallahassee 7:15 a.m. Leave Pensacola 7:15 a.m. Leave Mobile 7:15 a.m. Leave New Orleans 7:15 a.m. Leave St. Louis 7:15 a.m. Leave Chicago 7:15 a.m. Leave New York 7:15 a.m. Leave Boston 7:15 a.m. Leave Philadelphia 7:15 a.m. Leave Washington 7:15 a.m. Leave Baltimore 7:15 a.m. Leave New Haven 7:15 a.m. Leave Hartford 7:15 a.m. Leave Providence 7:15 a.m. Leave Worcester 7:15 a.m. Leave Springfield 7:15 a.m. Leave Albany 7:15 a.m. Leave Syracuse 7:15 a.m. Leave Cleveland 7:15 a.m. Leave Detroit 7:15 a.m. Leave St. Paul 7:15 a.m. Leave Minneapolis 7:15 a.m. Leave Chicago 7:15 a.m. Leave New York 7:15 a.m. Leave Boston 7:15 a.m. Leave Philadelphia 7:15 a.m. Leave Washington 7:15 a.m. Leave Baltimore 7:15 a.m. Leave New Haven 7:15 a.m. Leave Hartford 7:15 a.m. Leave Providence 7:15 a.m. Leave Worcester 7:15 a.m. Leave Springfield 7:15 a.m. Leave Albany 7:15 a.m. Leave Syracuse 7:15 a.m. Leave Cleveland 7:15 a.m. Leave Detroit 7:15 a.m. Leave St. Paul 7:15 a.m. Leave Minneapolis 7:15 a.m. Leave Chicago 7:15 a.m. Leave New York 7:15 a.m. Leave Boston 7:15 a.m. Leave Philadelphia 7:15 a.m. Leave Washington 7:15 a.m. Leave Baltimore 7:15 a.m. Leave New Haven 7:15 a.m. Leave Hartford 7:15 a.m. Leave Providence 7:15 a.m. Leave Worcester 7:15 a.m. Leave Springfield 7:15 a.m. Leave Albany 7:15 a.m. Leave Syracuse 7:15 a.m. Leave Cleveland 7:15 a.m. Leave Detroit 7:15 a.m. Leave St. Paul 7:15 a.m. Leave Minneapolis 7:15 a.m. Leave Chicago 7:15 a.m. Leave New York 7:15 a.m. Leave Boston 7:15 a.m. Leave Philadelphia 7:15 a.m. Leave Washington 7:15 a.m. Leave Baltimore 7:15 a.m. Leave New Haven 7:15 a.m. Leave Hartford 7:15 a.m. Leave Providence 7:15 a.m. Leave Worcester 7:15 a.m. Leave Springfield 7:15 a.m. Leave Albany 7:15 a.m. Leave Syracuse 7:15 a.m. Leave Cleveland 7:15 a.m. Leave Detroit 7:15 a.m. Leave St. Paul 7:15 a.m. Leave Minneapolis 7:15 a.m. Leave Chicago 7:15 a.m. Leave New York 7:15 a.m. Leave Boston 7:15 a.m. Leave Philadelphia 7:15 a.m. Leave Washington 7:15 a.m. Leave Baltimore 7:15 a.m. Leave New Haven 7:15 a.m. Leave Hartford 7:15 a.m. Leave Providence 7:15 a.m. Leave Worcester 7:15 a.m. Leave Springfield 7:15 a.m. Leave Albany 7:15 a.m. Leave Syracuse 7:15 a.m